



## The Daily Republican.

HAMMERS & MOSSER,  
P. H. HAMMERS, Publishers.  
J. R. MOSSER.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS:  
Monday Evening, Jan. 4.

CHINESE labor causes a fuss on the Pacific coast again. This time the difficulty is that the deaf fingers of the Celestials enable them to beat American workmen in making wages. Well, we beg to know why it is not best for the country as well as for the manufacturer to employ that labor which is best fitted to the work to be done.

WHAT they call an election at Vicksburg has just been held. It was called in defiance of a law which prohibits, and only one class of persons, namely, the white Democrats, who constitute about one-fifth of the voters of that county, took any part in it. Nevertheless, we shall soon hear all the White League shrieking that they are horribly oppressed because "officials" thus "elected" are not permitted to hold office!

Now is about to set in the annual busy season of law-making, with Congress and the Legislatures of thirty States in session, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin. As some of these are second and others special Legislatures, it has rarely occurred that so many have been simultaneously at work. The politics of these thirty Legislatures are: 16 Democratic, 12 Republican, 1 (Illinois) controlled by an independent balance of power, and 1 (Louisiana) in dispute. The list includes all the States but seven, whose Legislatures do not meet this winter, viz.: California, Connecticut, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, New Hampshire and Oregon.

The shelves of the Congressional Library, if we may take the words of its custodian, are literally overflowing with books, and he sees no way to keep up with the extent and rapidity of his literary accumulations but to ask for the erection of a separate building. The aggregate number of volumes in the library the first day of December was 274,157, besides 63,000 pamphlets, an increase during the year of 13,405 volumes, and 5,272 pamphlets, while of all these more than 50,000 volumes have to be piled upon the floor awaiting shelves for their arrangement. Under the copyright law, making it obligatory to place two copies of each new publication in the library, there were received during the year 8,840 books, 8,436 periodicals, 7,722 musical compositions, 5,698 prints, 1,358 photographs, 922 engravings and chromes, 658 maps, charts, and drawings, 140 dramatic compositions—a total of 20,874, and an excess of deposits over the year 1873 amounting to 5,736 articles. The total number of the copyright entries during the year was 16,283, an increase of 931 over the previous year. The unexpended balance of funds amounts to more than \$50,000, including over \$7,000 for ornamenting the capitol with works of art.

In a recent lecture in Washington on the life and times of Daniel O'Connell, Prof. John M. Lingston, the eloquent colored orator, drew the following comparison between Ireland's great statesman and William Lloyd Garrison:

"As I dwell upon this consecration of O'Connell to the freedom of this country and countrymen, I call to mind but a single individual expression of grander character, more excellent and beautiful, than to the episcopacy of the noble, self-sacrificing and heroic American who, forgetting the odds against him, the contempt, the ridicule, the social ostracism, the baptism of pain and suffering which awaited him, which would pour like a flood upon him, became the champion of the negro's emancipation and enfranchisement, declaring: 'I am in earnest; I will not equivocate; I will not excuse; I will not retreat a single inch, and I will be heard.'

"William Lloyd Garrison still lives. He rejoices in the triumph of that cause to which he dedicated the strength of his manhood and the wisdom of his age. It would have been well, it seems to me, could Daniel O'Connell have witnessed the restoration of Irish independence, the re-establishment of her home Parliament, as well as Catholic emancipation—the freedom of the national conscience. But hail to those sons of truth and freedom, whose bloodless weapons, wielded by strong hands, sustained by stout hearts, made powerful, omnipotent, through God and the right, brought liberty and happiness to millions sorely, bitterly oppressed."

"By the way, of what politics are you?" asked a Senator of an applicant for office while on the way to introduce him to a Cabinet Minister. "Oh," was the reply, "I have always been a Democrat, but I can turn."

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

The following letter has been received by Mayor Priest:

ROOM 10, CENTRAL REVIEW CO.,  
TOPEKA, December 31, 1874.

Mrs. Priest, Burnet, &c., Relief Committee, Decatur, Ill.

GENTLEMEN—Your letter of the 28th inst., enclosing draft for \$308.78 and 50 cents entraney, is received, and in behalf of our unfortunate we thank you and your generous citizens most cordially for your liberal donation. The gift is most acceptable, for we are pressed on all sides for supplies and are unable to supply half of the orders on from destitute localities. Supplies are coming in quite rapidly, but as winter advances the number of destitute increases, and if Congress does not come to our relief we fear many will suffer severely before spring. The generous people in the eastern states are doing nobly,—your state in particular,—but the destitution is much greater than we at first had an idea of, and while what is coming in will relieve us temporarily, we fear it will not be sufficient to carry us through.

We regret that you did not send supplies instead of the money, but presume we are to blame for that, for, under the great press of business, we did not answer the letter of Mr. Priest on that subject as soon as we should have done. Corn meal, beans, clothing, hominy, molasses, &c., are much better than money, for we get free freight, and all of the articles can be purchased much cheaper with you than with us. I presume that flour is cheaper here than with you, as wheat is about all we raise, and as farmers are compelled to sell it, it is quite reasonable.

We will put your money into flour and forward to most destitute localities at once.

Again we thank you most heartily for your generous donation.

Very truly, &c.,

E. S. Stovall, Ch'n.

A SINGULAR suit is to be tried at Nashville, Tenn., interesting in its relation to slavery before the war. A rich old planter named Patton had three mulatto children, whose mothers were two slaves, and, having no legitimate children of his own, he was much attached to his saddle-bored ones. How to leave them his property without making the matter too public was a problem which gave him great anxiety. He finally resorted to a plan which included a third person named Redmond. He gave his friend \$10,000, and told him to take the two women and their children to Ohio, buy them a farm, and see that they lived comfortably till they got possession of all his property by his death. Redmond was made his nominal heir, on the condition that he should turn the property over to the mulatto children. Redmond took the family to Ohio, abandoned them, and kept their money. When Patton died he became the heir, and kept the whole of the property. The suit is to recover it from him.

We send a Minister to Russia, why should we not send that man who above all others, possesses the ability to be of practical service there? Is not Bayard Taylor that man? Former Secretary of Legation, he is familiar with not only the peculiar duties of the position, but is well acquainted with the Bosphorus, the Minister, Cossack, especially, and it was largely through his strong influence at that court that a recognition of the Southern Confederacy by France was prevented. He speaks admirably all the languages used at the Russian capital, is a man of high character and wide reputation, and would honor the position. As a tribute to his past services, indeed, he would have been appointed long ago, but for the influence of Secretary Seward. We suggest that the time has come when his thorough knowledge of the questions in which Russia is concerned may be rendered highly valuable to this country, and at the same time his services during the war may be fully though tardily recognized.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—An important fact can be easily overlooked to the understanding that in the Senate canons of that provision of the finance bill regulating the retirement of greenbacks. A full discussion took place as to whether the bill, as reported, would allow the re-issue of any part of the greenbacks retired. Several Senators urged very strongly that a clause should be inserted directing the Secretary of the Treasury to cancel greenbacks as fast as retired. The opposition to this proposition was, however, so general and so decided as to convince those who favored it that no agreement could be reached if it was insisted on, and it was consequently abandoned before the caucus. The bill was finally agreed upon. It was agreed upon on all sides that that bill would allow the re-issue of greenbacks withdrawn in any emergency. This point was so strongly insisted upon as to show that the bill could not have passed the canons unless it had yielded, and to make it very probable, in case the House inserts a clause providing for the cancellation of the retired currency, and insisted upon it, that the bill will fail on its return to the Senate.

WICKSBURG, Jan. 2.—Yesterday the Board of Supervisors issued an order commanding Sheriff Crosby to appear Monday and show cause why his bond be not declared insufficient. Supervisor Lehman yesterday accepted Plaintiff's bond, and issued a writ of habeas corpus. The trial was adjourned until January 10th. Sheriff Warren was elected last Thursday, though the law allowed such special elections to be held only once every four years. The investigating committee will adjourn this afternoon to Jackson.

He suggests that the returns of 1872 made by the Fusion Board, be taken as correct, unless differing entirely from returns by the Lynch Board, and then that should分歧 be irreconcileable as representing the vote of 1872. This he believes, will give satisfaction. He will gladly abide by the decision, whatever it is. He hopes the opposition will be allowed, also, to make good some of their allegations of corruption and maladministration which they have made. He will afford every facility for a thorough inquiry.

PARIS, January 2.—King Alfonso awaits the arrival of the Spanish frigate at Marseilles, to proceed to Spain. He will visit the armies before entering Madrid. Alfonso has granted an amnesty to all Carlists. The Belgian King has recognized Alfonso, and it is momentarily expected that most of the European powers will recognize him. The Pope has sent his blessing through Nuncio here. His Majesty will issue a decree convoking the State to-morrow.

MIDNIGHT.—The city is quiet.

## TELEGRAPHIC

2 o'clock P. M.  
Reported by the Daily Review.

Latest Advices from New Orleans.

PREPARATIONS FOR AN OUTBREAK.

WHAT WARMOTH SAYS.

NUMBERS OF A COMPROMISE.

THE TROUBLES IN THE INDIAN NATION.

OTHER ITEMS OF INTEREST.

NEW ORLEANS, January 2.—The situation threatens. McEnery stated to-day that the end of next week would see him Governor of Louisiana, and the officers elected with him installed. Other conservatives have confidently made the same boast to your correspondents. They are not to be believed. Kellogg is a man of great ability, and has made a great name for himself in the financial condition of our city to-day better than before in 25 years. We have not had a protest in our bank in eighteen months, and the number of failures in our city, has been far less than in any other cities of its size in our country. The cotton crop is larger than usual; our people are more economical, and there is less credit business. Factories have not advanced so profusely as in former times. Crops are to-day rated with less expediency than in past years. Now we have a large number of small farmers who annually produce from four to ten bales of cotton, and this season, why we cannot foretell, the extent of the crop. These small producers don't draw out capital. In attempt to work on the reform measure the committee was seconded by Gov. Kellogg and he insisted greatly as one of the reform measures was to change the condition of the police law. We had the appropriations of the city for the pay of the Metropolitan Police reduced from \$750,000 to \$400,000.

McEnery has a sort of an executive office, which is made the headquarters of the conservative members of the legislature. The latter caucus every day, all of them attending. The Republican members of the legislature are also caucusing, but only a few of them have been present.

A. J. Cousin, a colored Republican member of the House, from St. Tammany, arrived by steamer this morning. As he was leaving the gang-plank he was arrested by three men, and hurried into a boat and driven off, no one knows exactly where, but it is said to be a steamer on the lake. This was a clear case of kidnapping, and the conservatives, it is rumored, have procured warrants for the arrest of twelve Republicans on various unfounded charges. The Republicans are keeping away so as to escape these warrants. Will he do so if the White League demand it? Such a consummation is possible.

McEnery has a sort of an executive

colored man is reported killed on Geneva street about nine o'clock, said to be a member of the Legislature.

Telegraph from the Daily Review.

McArthur had been shot through the body, that the body of Police Judge

Wells' throat had been cut from ear to ear, that hundreds of large numbers

were being carried into the State house

for barricading purposes. The above reports were freely circulated to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, January 3.—The

following is an extract from the testimony of Hon. J. H. Ogley before the Congressional committee last night:

"I cannot explain about the increase in value of bonds." Since the election the two and a half million issued to the Chatanooga Railroad is universally reproached. These bonds were issued before Kellogg's administration. I cannot say Kellogg has made any great failure in Chatanooga. I consider the financial condition of our city to-day better than before in 25 years. We have not had a protest in our bank in eighteen months, and the number of failures in our city, has been far less than in any other cities of its size in our country. The cotton crop is larger than usual; our people are more economical, and there is less credit business. Factories have not advanced so profusely as in former times. Crops are to-day rated with less expediency than in past years. Now we have a large number of small farmers who annually produce from four to ten bales of cotton, and this season, why we cannot foretell, the extent of the crop. These small producers don't draw out capital. In attempt to work on the reform measure the committee was seconded by Gov. Kellogg and he insisted greatly as one of the reform measures was to change the condition of the police law. We had the appropriations of the city for the pay of the Metropolitan Police reduced from \$750,000 to \$400,000.

McEnery has a sort of an executive

## New Advertisements.

## POPULAR PRICES

## LIDDLE'S.

ENGLISH STONE CHINA GOLD LUSTRE, THE DINNER AND DRAUGHT PLATES, FOR 20.50.

200.00.

THE BEST DOUBLE CO. WHEEL CLOTHES WRINGER.

For 86.

CLOTH TABLE KNIVES AND FORKS,

31 per Set.

DRINKING TABLE TUMBLERS,

50 Cts. per Set.

GLASS PRESERVE DISHES,

10 Cents Each.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LAMPS,

50 Cents Upwards.

GLASS GOBLETS,

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HEAVY TEA SPOONS—Warranted not to Change Color,

35 Cents per Set.

TABLE SPOONS—Price

65 Cents per Set.

THE BEST BAKING COOKING STOVE,

with thirty pieces fixtures,

At Price to Suit All.

QUEENWARE, GLASSWARE, TIN-WARE, and a variety of Housekeepers' Goods, all at

AT Popular Prices.

Dec. 4-12.

GARDNER HOUSE !

CHICAGO.

PRICES REDUCED.

C. H. BISSELL, formerly proprietor of the Matteson House, and late of the Franklin House, now manager of the Gardner, and would be pleased to see his old friends and associates.

Tickets from \$5 to \$10 per day, according to location of rooms.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 3.—An *Inter Ocean* special from New Orleans says the plan now is to make Kellogg United States Senator Penn Governor, and give the Democrats a majority in the House, and allow the Republicans to control the Senate. This compromise has been effected to the satisfaction of all parties, and the Congressional Committee will so report.

None of the other officers elected in 1872, are to be disturbed. McEnery

will be ignored and Pinchback will give place to Kellogg. A number of men of

war and monitors are lying on the city,

and in case of necessity they will use

their shoted guns.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Gov. W. W. H. Warmoth has said to the *Inter Ocean* correspondent that the most violent deputations of the press corps, corruption he does not believe, have done the most to corrupt the officials and produce frauds.

All who testified admitted a diminution in size under Kellogg.

At a late

hour, right

there

that

C. J. Santan, a colored member, was kidnapped from the depot on his arrival.

E. W. Dewey is also missing since yesterday.

Those who testified admitted a diminution in size under Kellogg.

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Card Cases, &c.

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CK ALPACAS,

Cashmere.

EN SHAWLS,

' Underwear,

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R STREET.

J. P. MOORE, Carrier

NAL BANK,

LL.

\$100,000.00

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nd to ultimate banking, will

at lowest rates

10 per cent.

ERS:

James C. Luke,  
J. R. Sh. Tabor  
man N. A. White  
erson, A. G. Anderson  
Jerome, D. Anderson  
Oct 24th-25th 11

E WORKS!

HERS,

ONIBUSES,

G WAGONS.

GAHMAN,

o Cordo-Sts.

LIJONS, PRINCE ALBERT'S,  
HIGH ROAD WAGONS, of all  
kinds. All first-class. All kinds of

Order!

PECIALTY.

## The Daily Republican.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS:  
Monday Evening, Jan. 4.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN will be delivered  
ed to subscribers in any part of the city,  
Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays,  
Local Notices will be inserted at Ten Cents  
per line for the first insertion, and five cents  
per line for each subsequent insertion. Rates  
for time advertisements will be furnished  
upon application at the office.

### TO DAILY SUBSCRIBERS.

All Subscriptions to the DAILY REPUBLICAN  
will be collected every Saturday, at the place  
where the paper is delivered, unless otherwise ordered.

We would be much obliged if our sub-  
scribers would inform us of what  
particular place they desire their papers to  
be sent.

### CITY DEPARTMENT.

Oysters by the quart or gallon, at  
Imboden's

Last night was the coldest of the  
season.

Juvonic humanity is again on duty  
in the school room.

The regular monthly meeting of the  
city council take place to-night.

I. J. Davis & Co have a full line of  
blank books of all styles and sizes.

Loafers are obliged to get inside to  
ply their vocation to-day.

The churches were all well attended  
yesterday, notwithstanding the coldness  
of the weather.

The best of coffee and tea, at  
Kitchen's.

People's ears, to say nothing of  
their noses, require a good deal of atten-  
tion to-day.

The Tony Denier Troupe left for St  
Louis on the 8:25 train on Sunday morn-  
ing.

The snow of Friday night is help-  
ing to smooth down the roads, and  
walking is getting to be quite passable  
again.

I. J. Davis & Co are selling splen-  
diful chromes very cheap

Tax notices are posted up in parts  
of our city giving notice to property-  
holders that their taxes are due, and  
must be paid soon.

The trains from different directions  
brought in delegations from all parts of  
the county to attend court, some as ju-  
dges, some as witnesses, and others as  
parties to suits.

We are clear of holidays now until  
the 22d of February, so that the chaps  
who have kept themselves full of "ben-  
zine" for the last two weeks, can sober  
up and go to business.

Andy Kepler will give you a delicio-  
us smoke for live cents

Ice dealers are pushing their opera-  
tions in cutting and storing vigorously,  
and there is now a fair prospect that  
they will be able to gather a full sup-  
ply for the next season.

A more complete and select stock of  
books and shoes cannot be found in the  
city than can be seen at Geo. F. Wessel's.  
Slippers and children's shoes, of every  
style and variety. Prices always as  
low as the lowest.

The people of the different wards  
are getting anxious to know who is to  
speak and vote for them in the city  
council next year. Who steps to the  
front and offers himself as a sacrifice  
upon the city altar.

The school bell rang out loud and  
clear this morning, summoning all school  
kids to their studies again. After the va-  
cation of two weeks they have enjoyed  
they can re-enter their schools and com-  
mence studying with a vim.

At the time for the city election  
draws near, the question is often asked,  
"Who are to be candidates for Mayor?"  
Will some one or more please inform an  
anxious public by announcing them  
selves as candidates through our col-  
umns?

Circuit court resumed business to  
day at 1 o'clock, and to-morrow will  
commence the trial of James and Truston  
Adams for the murder of John  
Stapp. It is expected that this case  
will occupy the attention of the court  
most of the week.

Some of the members of the Chris-  
tian church in this city are now taking  
a subscription for the purpose of seeing  
how much money can be raised in  
the church to build a new church  
edifice. It is said that a sufficient sum  
has already been subscribed to insure  
the building of the church.

By private advices from the East  
we learn that weather became very cold in  
New Hampshire and Massachusetts  
last week. In the former State, in the  
city of Manchester the mercury went  
down to 15 below zero, and at Franconia,  
in the White Mountain range, it  
went down to 30 below. We are getting  
a little touch of the same "chill" here,  
in a modified form.

E. B. Pratt & Son, grateful for the  
liberal patronage of the past, greet their  
customers with a happy new year, and  
would inform them that they are still

illing groceries at hard-pun figures, at  
their store on North Franklin street,  
and also at their branch house at Oronna.  
2 d 2 w

Buy Your Candies at Jarman's Con-  
fectionery, three doors north of entrance  
to Opera house. 1d

American Encyclopedia, Newly Re-  
vised Edition;

Picturesque America, or The Land  
We Live In, by Wm C Bryant.

And standard works, sold only  
by subscription.

S H GRAHAM, Agent.  
Post Office Box 108—boards at 18  
Wood street, Decatur, Ill.

28 d 2 w

Silk Handkerchiefs, at Race's.

### THE CHURCHES YESTERDAY.

For a winter day, yesterday was quite  
mild and agreeable until well on toward  
evening when the wind veered round to  
the north, and the air became chilly and  
disagreeable.

Both morning and evening the places  
of worship were quite well attended and  
the services generally were of a very in-  
teresting character. At the

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH,  
the Rev Mr. Tabor, occupied the pul-  
pit, and in the morning delivered an in-  
teresting discourse upon "Our ideas of  
God."

The subject was discussed under three  
heads. First, the fact of God's existence.  
Secondly, His nature, and thirdly, the  
fact that He holds communion with His  
children. In considering these proposi-  
tions, the speaker said our consciousness  
was far ahead of thought; as for in-  
stance when we think about a self-ex-  
istent being our thoughts are lost in my-  
self, while at the same time there is an  
inward consciousness that such a being  
lives. So when we consider His nature  
our thought is staggered at his omnipo-  
tence, his power and greatness, while  
there is within us a lively consciousness  
which recognizes these attributes as inher-  
iting in the God of Nature. The  
thoughts of the sermon were presented  
in a perspicuous and forcible manner,  
and held the closest attention of the au-  
dience.

Best Writing Fluids, also best as-  
sortment of Inkstands,—can be found at  
LITZINGERBERG & SUTTON's.

Try and Help Them.—With profes-  
sional loafers we have but little sym-  
pathy, and would not take any special pains  
to contribute to their support. But there  
is a class of persons who are in destitute  
circumstances who would work if they  
could find anything to do. A large pro-  
portion of these have but little energy to  
look about for a job, and after making  
an effort or two without success, are  
quite apt to sit down in despair and look  
no further.

One way to bestow charity upon these  
people is to furnish them with something  
to do, and if they can by any means earn a  
small margin of profit. Now would it  
not be well for everybody to cast about  
themselves and see what they can have  
done without loss to themselves, and fur-  
nish to persons desirous to work, employ-  
ment by which they may be enabled to  
make themselves and their families  
comfortable. Anything done in this line  
tends to foster industry and frugality  
on the part of persons employed as well as  
to procure them the means of subsistence.  
A little care in this direction  
on the part of our citizens during the  
winter, may prevent much suffering  
without any actual outlay by themselves.  
Who will give the matter thought and  
attention?

If you want good, clean eating, go to  
Jarman's Confectionery and Restaurant,  
three doors north of entrance to opera  
house.

"Shut Down."—Elwood & Co's  
planing mill has "shut down" for the  
present. Work will probably not be re-  
sumed for the next week or ten days,  
while the mill's machinery is being re-  
paired. Parts of the engine, and all the  
defective and broken machinery have  
been taken to the Union Iron Works for  
repairs. The workmen here employed  
are using every effort to get the work  
out in a short time.

Brought to Trial.—Marshal Haworth  
came up from St. Louis Saturday with  
a prisoner in his custody, who had left  
this city on the evening of the 19th of  
December, after severely battering up  
the head of James Denham. The pris-  
oner was James Dunnigan, a locomotive  
engineer, who has long been distinguis-  
hed equally as a bully and a debauchee.  
The prisoner was taken to jail before Justice  
Hughes, and was sent to jail to await a  
preliminary examination this morning on  
the charge of an assault with a deadly  
weapon upon the person of James Den-  
ham.

A little after the appointed hour this  
morning a large crowd assembled in the  
Justice's office, and the preliminary ex-  
amination began by taking the testi-  
monies of the witnesses summoned in the  
case. The attorneys in the case did  
their best to cross-question and make  
the witnesses contradict themselves.—  
The consequence of this was it took an  
unusually long time to get through with  
the evidence in the case. The testi-  
monies given by the prosecuting wit-  
nesses was plain, and pointed to the con-  
viction of Dunnigan. When this was  
all through with, and the testimony for  
the defense given in it was found to  
be exactly contradictory to that given  
by the prosecuting witness.

The time of the court was occupied  
up till noon in hearing the testimony in  
the case. At a little after one o'clock  
the lawyers, (Mr. Buckingham for the  
prosecution and Mr. Lee for the defense),  
commenced arguing the case, and up to  
the present writing they have not fin-  
ished their speeches.

BETHEL CHURCH,  
the pastor filled his pulpit both morning  
and evening, and on the latter occasion  
preached upon the words, "Go thy way  
for this time, when I have a convenient  
season I will call for thee." This dis-  
course illustrated in a forcible way, the  
folly and danger of deferring religion  
and religious duty, and must have made  
a solemn impression upon the large audi-  
ence.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH,  
the pastor filled his pulpit both morning  
and evening, and on the latter occasion  
preached upon the words, "Go thy way  
for this time, when I have a convenient  
season I will call for thee." This dis-  
course illustrated in a forcible way, the  
folly and danger of deferring religion  
and religious duty, and must have made  
a solemn impression upon the large audi-  
ence.

BAPTIST CHURCH,  
the pastor was in his place and preached  
excellent sermons. As our reporter was  
not present we cannot indicate the  
topics discussed, but infer from obser-  
vations which we have heard, that both  
sermons were entertaining and instruc-  
tive. At the close of the morning ser-  
vice, the sacrament was administered to  
those who had received it, and the fore-  
noon service was most interesting and im-  
pressive.

At the

BETHEL CHURCH,  
the pastor preached to good congrega-  
tions, and the services both morning and  
evening were interesting and solemn.

At this church, as at most of the oth-  
ers, there is to be religious service every  
evening this week.

PREBTERIAN CHURCH.  
Community services were held in the  
morning, at which eleven united with the  
church. This makes fifty-one that  
have united in the year.

In the evening the pastor spoke to a  
crowded house on "The Economy of  
Time."

The Sabbath School held their annual  
election of officers. The school is in a  
flourishing condition, under the charge  
of Mr. W. T. Webb, supported by a  
company of teachers, every one of whom  
is an active Christian.

The Week of Prayer is observed by  
holding a prayer meeting every evening  
this week, to which all are invited to  
come, at any time during the evening.

A New Year's Gift.—On yesterday  
Miss M. M. Carson, one of the teachers  
in the First M. E. Sunday School, was  
presented with a beautiful copy of the  
Holy Bible, by the members of her class.  
The book is of quarter size, beautifully  
bound, and costs fifteen dollars.

Full Stock of Pens, Pencils and Sta-  
tionery, at

LITZINGERBERG & SUTTON's.

2 d 3 d

Don't Forget the Diamond Shirt, at

Race's.

to Miss Mary M. Freeman.

### RAILROAD NEWS.

The Illinois Central Railroad is now  
doing a larger freight business than it  
has since the summer months, since  
the Mississippi has frozen over, and navi-  
gation on the great river is closed for  
the winter, all the freight usually taken  
by steamer to Hannibal, Quincy and other  
neighboring cities, is now brought  
over the Illinois Central to this city,  
and shipped westward to Quincy over  
the T. W. & W. Railway.

The conductors on the Wabash Road  
and its branches are instructed to honor  
the passes for the year 1874, until new  
ones are issued—about the 15th of this month.

The regular "pony" switch engine is  
now in the round house for repairs. A  
freight engine is used in its place.

The I. B. & W. Railway is doing  
quite a lively business. Considerable  
grain and live stock are shipped east-  
ward over this road, which makes close  
connection for all points east, and takes  
freight through to the large cities in less  
time than any other of the railroads.

Best Writing Fluids, also best as-  
sortment of Inkstands,—can be found at  
LITZINGERBERG & SUTTON's.

NEW QUARTE

WHO? WHERE?

Warren & Du

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— AND —

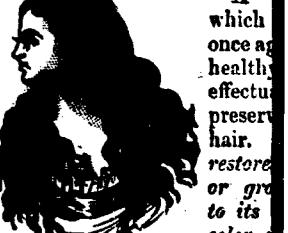
Conveyancing Of

Now on the corn  
Main and Water S  
Room, recently c  
plied by W. J. Br  
Druggist.

October 28, 1874—d.

Ayer's  
Hair Vig

For restoring to Gray H  
natural Vitality and C



loss and freshness of youth  
hair is thickened, falling hair  
and baldness often, though not  
cured by its use. Nothing can  
be more effective than this  
preservative, which preserves  
hair, restores it to its original  
color, and gives it a lustrous  
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